

113TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 575

To express the sense of the Congress that the United States should not adopt any treaty that poses a threat to national sovereignty or abridges any rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, such as the right to keep and bear arms, and to withhold funding from the United Nations unless the President certifies that the United Nations has not taken action to restrict, attempt to restrict, or otherwise adversely infringe upon the rights of individuals in the United States to keep and bear arms, or abridge any of the other constitutionally protected rights of citizens of the United States.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 6, 2013

Mr. STOCKMAN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the  
Committee on Foreign Affairs

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## A BILL

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1        *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4        This Act may be cited as the “Second Amendment  
5 Protection Act of 2013”.

6 **SEC. 2. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.**

7        (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

8                (1) it is the constitutional power of Congress to  
9 determine United States foreign policy through the  
10 ratification of international treaties and adoption of  
11 laws;

12                (2) by prematurely signing treaties and execu-  
13 tive agreements, Presidents of the United States  
14 have opened the door for international organizations  
15 to unilaterally regulate the lives of citizens of the  
16 United States;

17                (3) these international agreements, laws, and  
18 regulations are being applied domestically in the  
19 United States through the Supremacy Clause, which  
20 states, “This Constitution, and the Laws of the  
21 United States which shall be made in Pursuance  
22 thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be  
23 made, under the Authority of the United States,  
24 shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the  
25 Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any

1        Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to  
2        the contrary notwithstanding”;

3            (4) the Supremacy Clause is useful to supersede  
4        conflicting Federal and State laws;

5            (5) international and transnational organiza-  
6        tions force their rules on people of the United States  
7        through conventions, multilateral agreements, and  
8        nonratified treaties, such as agreements that affect  
9        the private ownership of firearms by law-abiding citi-  
10       zens; and

11           (6) United States sovereignty is risked by do-  
12        mestic legal applicability of international treaties  
13        and executive agreements that have not been voted  
14        on and congressionally adopted through formal proc-  
15        esses which pose a threat to national sovereignty  
16        and the liberty of the people of the United States,  
17        including fundamental rights guaranteed under the  
18        United States Constitution, such as the right to  
19        keep and bear arms.

20        (b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—That it is the sense  
21        of the Congress that the United States should not adopt  
22        any treaty that poses a threat to national sovereignty or  
23        abridges the rights guaranteed by the United States Con-  
24        stitution, such as the right to keep and bear arms, and

1 should cease the provision of financial support to any enti-  
2 ty that does so.

3 **SEC. 3. CONDITIONAL PROHIBITION ON UNITED NATIONS**  
4 **FUNDING.**

5 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Notwithstanding any other provi-  
6 sion of law, the United States may not provide any fund-  
7 ing to the United Nations for a fiscal year unless, before  
8 the last day of the preceding fiscal year, the President  
9 makes the certification described in subsection (b).

10 (b) **CERTIFICATION.**—The certification described in  
11 this subsection is a certification submitted to the Congress  
12 by the President, that states that the United Nations has  
13 not taken action to restrict, attempt to restrict, or other-  
14 wise adversely infringe on the rights of individuals in the  
15 United States to possess a firearm or ammunition, includ-  
16 ing by imposing burdens on international commerce, or  
17 abridge any of the other constitutionally protected rights  
18 of citizens of the United States.

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